



6B

# Complementary therapies

## Information for people with or affected by motor neurone disease, or Kennedy's disease

This information sheet describes a range of complementary therapies and why they may be beneficial for some people with motor neurone disease (MND) and their carers. If you are living with Kennedy's disease, you may have similar symptoms and also find this sheet helpful.

The content includes the following sections:

- 1: What are complementary therapies?**
- 2: What types of complementary therapy are available?**
- 3: What are the guidelines for therapists?**
- 4: Are there conventional therapies I can use?**
- 5: How do I find out more?**

Get advice from your GP or consultant before trying any complementary therapies to ensure they are suitable for you and will not affect any treatment you are receiving.

All therapy should be provided by an experienced, registered therapist. See section 3: *What are the guidelines for therapists?*

**i** This symbol is used to highlight **our other publications**. To find out how to access these, see *Further information* at the end of this sheet.

**“** This symbol is used to highlight **quotes** from other people with or affected by MND.



This information sheet has been endorsed by the Complementary and Natural Healthcare Council (CNHC)

**This information has been evidenced, user tested and reviewed by experts.**

## 1: What are complementary therapies?

Complementary therapies are non-medical treatments that can be used alongside conventional treatments (treatments widely used by health and social care professionals). With MND, they may help ease some symptoms, but will not stop or slow down the disease.

The MND Association does not necessarily recommend the complementary therapies mentioned in this information sheet. However, some people may find them helpful for symptom relief.

### How much do they cost?

Some therapies may be available on the NHS, so ask your GP what is available in your area. Therapies may be available to you for free, depending on the guidelines in your area.

Many local hospices provide complementary therapies as part of their services, so it is worth checking what is available.

If you need to pay for a therapy, ask for the price in advance when making the booking, as costs can vary. Some therapies may be expensive, particularly if they are used long-term.



For more information of hospices, see:  
Information sheet 3D – *Hospice and palliative care*

### How can they help me?

Many people living with MND find that complementary therapies can help to relieve symptoms, such as:

- tension, depression and anxiety
- problems with the muscles and skeleton
- pain
- breathlessness
- constipation
- sleeplessness and fatigue.

## 2: What types of complementary therapy are available?

This section describes some complementary therapies. How MND affects you may limit which therapies you are able to try. Talk to your GP and the relevant therapist to ensure the therapies you receive are right for you.

Other complementary therapies are available. See section 5: *How do I find out more?* for organisations that can direct you to a wider range of therapies with qualified therapists.

### Acupuncture

Acupuncture is based on the theory that energy flows through channels in the body, known as meridians. This energy should flow freely and evenly, and must be in balance. It is believed the body can experience stress if the flow is blocked.

During an acupuncture session, fine needles are inserted into points on the body where channels are thought to be, to stimulate the flow of energy.

Acupuncture therapists believe this can help with a range of symptoms including pain and problems with sleeping. Your medical history is taken at the first session.

### Aromatherapy

Aromatherapy is based on using aroma (smells) to stimulate the parts of the brain linked to feelings and emotions. This is believed to relax the muscles, improve circulation and relieve pain.

Essential oils may be breathed in (inhaled) or added to creams for use on the skin. These aromatic oils are often used with massage. This can improve mood and create a sense of wellbeing.

Essential oils should only be used after consultation with a registered aromatherapist. Some oils are not suitable for people with breathing problems or other conditions. A medical history should be taken before the session begins.

### Hypnotherapy

Therapists use hypnosis to create a state of deep relaxation in their patients. This enables the hypnotherapist to 'suggest' to the subconscious mind how to respond to certain problems or situations. You remain aware and awake throughout the session.

A range of emotional problems can be tackled with hypnotherapy, including fears, phobias, stress, panic, sleep problems and anxiety.

## Massage

Massage involves the therapist kneading the soft tissue areas of the body which may help to relieve tension and improve circulation. The therapist may apply pressure using their hands, elbows, feet or specialist massage equipment.

Massage is believed to ease pain and give an overall sense of wellbeing. If you have difficulty getting onto a massage table or removing items of clothing, let the therapist know and they may be able to adapt the massage to suit your needs.

## Meditation

Meditation techniques involve focusing the mind and visualising sounds, objects, feelings or places. This is believed to train the mind, promote relaxation and relieve stress.

There are many types of meditation. Guided meditation involves someone talking you through the meditation to help you relax. This can be in person or through a recording. Some forms of meditation include chanting or breathing techniques.

## Reiki

The practice of Reiki is based on channelling energy, which is thought to flow through the body. By balancing this energy system, it is believed the body is better able to balance itself physically, mentally, emotionally and spiritually.

In its simplest form, the Reiki practitioner places their hands on you to encourage energy to flow. This is sometimes called hands-on healing. The ultimate goal is to restore balance within the body.

## Reflexology

Reflexology applies pressure to known points on the feet, which are believed to link to specific areas of the body. This may help to bring about balance through encouraging the elimination of toxins.

Reflexology may offer relief from stress, constipation, tension, headaches and problems with circulation.



*"A reflexologist kindly massages my feet, hands and arms, which helps with circulation and generally feels good. These appointments were facilitated by the local hospital."*

## Shiatsu and Acupressure

Like acupuncture, these therapies are based on the theory that energy flows through channels in the body known as meridians. However, rather than using needles, the therapist uses fingers, elbows or other instruments to gently massage and apply pressure to the meridians to clear any blockages. These therapies may relieve tension, pain and circulation problems.

## Therapies involving movement

Various complementary therapies involve movement or exercise. Depending on how MND affects you, they may not be suitable for you. However, they may be helpful for your carer.

Excessive exercise is not advised with MND. There may be risk of falling, muscle strain or over-exerting yourself. Get advice from your GP before attempting these therapies.

Examples of these therapies include:

- Alexander technique
- dance therapy
- kinesiology
- Pilates
- tai-chi
- yoga.

See section 5: *How do I find out more?* to find a practitioner if you feel these therapies may be of use to you.

## 3: What are the guidelines for therapists?

Therapists are advised to register with a professional body that ensures its members are properly qualified and have insurance to practice.

The Complementary and Natural Healthcare Council (CNHC) is a voluntary regulator that was set up with government support to provide a register of therapists who have met national standards. The register has been approved by the Professional Standards Authority for Health and Social Care. See section 5: *How do I find out more?* for contact details.

It is important that therapists are aware of how MND affects you. Let them know if you have any problems with:

- speech and communication
- fatigue

- eating and drinking (or tube feeding)
- breathing (some essential oils are not suitable for people with breathing problems)
- muscle spasms or weakness
- mobility and movement
- involuntary movements
- pain.

Also let them know if you are taking any medications.

## 4: Are there conventional therapies I can use?

Conventional therapies are those that are widely used by most health and social care professionals. This section looks at some conventional therapies that can also be used alongside medical treatments to aid wellbeing or ease some symptoms. These therapies should be provided by a qualified therapist.

### Art therapy

This therapy uses art to help people express themselves more freely and address emotional issues which may feel difficult using words.

No art skills are needed to take part. The aim is not to produce a work of art, but to use your creativity to explore the way you feel.

Your therapist will help you think about what you have created. This can help you come to terms with difficult emotions you may be experiencing.

### Hydrotherapy

This therapy involves doing specific exercises in a pool of warm water with a qualified physiotherapist. Your body weight is supported by the water, which helps relieve pain and allows you to move more freely. The warmth of the water helps to relax and ease the joints and muscles.

 For more details about hydrotherapy, see:  
Information sheet 6A – *Physiotherapy*

### Music therapy

This therapy uses music to improve emotional wellbeing. Both the therapist and the person receiving therapy use musical instruments, voice and rhythm to express themselves and communicate.

It is thought to improve emotional wellbeing by increasing your sense of self-awareness and allowing you to express yourself without the need for words. You do not need musical skills to participate in music therapy.

## Physiotherapy

Physiotherapy involves exercise to maintain muscles that have not been affected by MND, improve flexibility and help prevent stiffness and pain. The therapy may include assisted or 'passive' exercises where the therapist moves your limbs.

A carer can be shown how to provide support for an assisted or passive exercise programme by your physiotherapist. This means you can follow the course of physiotherapy between appointments.

Excessive exercise is not advised with MND and can cause fatigue, so always get individual advice from a qualified physiotherapist with experience of MND.



For more details about physiotherapy, see:  
Information sheet 6A – *Physiotherapy*

## 5: How do I find out more?

### Useful organisations

We do not necessarily endorse any of the following organisations, but have included them to help you begin your search for further information.

The contact details are correct at the time of print, but may change between revisions. If you need help to find an organisation, contact our MND Connect helpline (see *Further information* at the end of this sheet for details).

#### The Association of Reflexologists

Provides a website search facility to find an appropriate reflexologist in your local area.

Address: Victoria House, Victoria Street, Taunton, Somerset TA1 3FA  
Website: [www.aor.org.uk](http://www.aor.org.uk)  
[www.aor.org.uk/far/search.php](http://www.aor.org.uk/far/search.php) (to find a reflexologist)

#### The British Association for Art Therapy

A professional organisation for art therapists in the UK.

Address: 24-27 White Lion Street, London N1 9PD  
Telephone: 020 7686 4216  
Email: [info@baat.org](mailto:info@baat.org)  
Website: [www.baat.org](http://www.baat.org)

### **The British Association for Music Therapy**

Information about music therapy for practitioners and the public.

Address: 2nd Floor, Claremont Building, 24-27 White Lion Street, London N1 9PD  
Telephone: 020 7837 6100  
Email: [info@bamt.org](mailto:info@bamt.org)  
Website: [www.bamt.org](http://www.bamt.org)

### **The British Acupuncture Council**

Information on local registered acupuncturists and acupressure therapists.

Address: 63 Jeddo Road, London W12 9HQ  
Telephone: 020 8735 0400  
Email: through the website contact page  
Website: [www.acupuncture.org.uk](http://www.acupuncture.org.uk)

### **The British Association for Counselling and Psychotherapy**

Contact this association for advice about hypnotherapists in the UK.

Address: 15 St John's Business Park, Lutterworth, Leicestershire LE17 4HB  
Telephone: 01455 883 300  
Email: [bacp@bacp.co.uk](mailto:bacp@bacp.co.uk)  
Website: [www.bacp.co.uk](http://www.bacp.co.uk)

### **Complementary and Natural Healthcare Council (CNHC)**

UK accredited register and voluntary regulator of complementary therapists.

Address: 46-48 East Smithfield, London E1W 1AW  
Telephone: 020 3668 0406  
Email: [info@cnhc.org.uk](mailto:info@cnhc.org.uk)  
Website: [www.cnhc.org.uk](http://www.cnhc.org.uk)

### **Complementary Therapists Association**

Advice about qualified practitioners and therapies.

Address: 2nd floor, 83 Baker Street, London, W1U 6AG  
Telephone: 0845 202 2941  
Email: [info@ctha.com](mailto:info@ctha.com)  
Website: [www.ctha.com](http://www.ctha.com)

### **Federation of Holistic Therapists**

A voluntary register of therapists, accredited by the Professional Standards Authority.

Email: through the website contact page  
Website: [www.fht.org.uk/findatherapist](http://www.fht.org.uk/findatherapist)

### **Health and Care Professions Council**

Have a register of professionals who meet their standards for training and professional skills. Includes physiotherapists and art therapists, but not complementary therapists.

Address: Park House, 184 Kennington Park Road, London, SE11 4BU  
Telephone: 0300 500 6184  
Website: [www.hpc-uk.org](http://www.hpc-uk.org)



## **Hypnotherapy Directory**

Offers a list of qualified professional hypnotherapists.

Address: Building 3, Riverside Way, Camberley, Surrey, GU15 3YL

Telephone: 0333 325 2502

Email: through the website contact page

Website: **[www.hypnotherapy-directory.org.uk](http://www.hypnotherapy-directory.org.uk)**

## **The International Federation of Professional Aromatherapists**

For details and locations of registered practitioners in aromatherapy.

Address: 82 Ashby Road, Hinckley, Leicestershire LE10 1SN

Telephone: 01455 637 987

Email: [admin@ifparoma.org](mailto:admin@ifparoma.org)

Website: **[www.ifparoma.org](http://www.ifparoma.org)**

**<http://members.ifparoma.org/Find-A-Therapist>** (to find an aromatherapist)

## **References**

References used to support this document are available on request from:

Email: [infofeedback@mndassociation.org](mailto:infofeedback@mndassociation.org)

Or write to:

Information feedback, MND Association, Francis Crick House, 6 Summerhouse Rd,  
Moulton Park Industrial Estate, Moulton Park, Northampton NN3 6BJ

## **Acknowledgements**

Jemima Neal, Complementary Therapy Co-ordinator, Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust

Hazel Russo, Communications Consultant, Complementary and Natural Healthcare Council

## **Further information**

We provide related information sheets you may find helpful:

3D – *Hospice and palliative care*

6A – *Physiotherapy*

11D – *Managing fatigue*

You can also refer to our main guides:

*Living with motor neurone disease* – our main guide about MND and how to manage its impact

*Caring and MND: support for you* – comprehensive information for unpaid and family carers, who are supporting someone living with MND

*Caring and MND: quick guide* – the summary version of our information for carers

You can download most of our publications from our website at: **[www.mndassociation.org/publications](http://www.mndassociation.org/publications)** or order in print from the MND Connect team, who can provide additional information and support:

### **MND Connect**

Telephone: 0808 808 6262

Email: [mndconnect@mndassociation.org](mailto:mndconnect@mndassociation.org)

MND Association, Francis Crick House, 6 Summerhouse Rd,  
Moulton Park Industrial Estate, Moulton Park,  
Northampton NN3 6BJ

### **MND Association website and online forum**

Website: **[www.mndassociation.org](http://www.mndassociation.org)**

Online forum: **<https://forum.mndassociation.org/>** or through the website

## **We welcome your views**

We'd love to know what you think we're doing well and where we can improve our information for people with or affected by MND, or Kennedy's disease. Your anonymous comments may also be used to help raise awareness and influence within our resources, campaigns and applications for funding.

To feedback on any of our information sheets, access our online form at:  
**[www.surveymonkey.com/s/infosheets\\_1-25](http://www.surveymonkey.com/s/infosheets_1-25)**

You can request a paper version of the form or provide direct feedback by email:  
[infofeedback@mndassociation.org](mailto:infofeedback@mndassociation.org)

Or write to:

Information feedback, MND Association, Francis Crick House, 6 Summerhouse Rd,  
Moulton Park Industrial Estate, Moulton Park, Northampton NN3 6BJ



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Complementary and Natural Healthcare Council (CNHC)

Last revised: 12/18  
Next review: 12/21  
Version: 2

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